

# OHIO STATESMAN.

COLUMBUS, O., DECEMBER 22, 1863.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Showing the arrival and departure of trains at Columbus, Ohio, on and after November 16th, 1863, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Cincinnati, Dayton, Richmond and Indianapolis Night Express.....	1:25 A. M. 3:35 A. M.
Cincinnati Accommodation.....	6:30 A. M. 9:25 P. M.
Cincinnati, Dayton, Richmond and Indianapolis Day Express.....	1:40 P. M. 10:10 A. M.
Mail and Accommodation.....	9:25 P. M. 2:45 P. M.

T. LOUGH, Agent.

**Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.**  
Night Express..... 3:50 A. M. 1:00 P. M.  
New York Express..... 10:20 A. M. 1:30 P. M.  
Mail and Express..... 3:00 P. M. 8:50 P. M.  
JAMES PATTERSON, Agent.

**Central Ohio Railroad.**  
No. 3 Express..... 4:00 A. M. 1:05 P. M.  
No. 4 Express, to Newark only..... 10:20 A. M. 1:00 P. M.  
No. 5 Express..... 3:00 P. M. 1:00 A. M.  
W. J. FELL, Agent.

**Pittsburg, Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.**  
Mail Train..... 4:00 A. M. 1:00 P. M.  
Express Train..... 10:20 A. M. 1:05 P. M.  
Accommodation..... 3:10 P. M. 10:00 A. M.  
JOSEPH ROBINSON, Agent.

**Columbus & Indianapolis R. R. Line.**  
(COLUMBUS, PITTSBURGH & INDIANAPOLIS RAILROAD.)  
Indianapolis Express..... 1:25 A. M. 2:45 P. M.  
Indianapolis Express..... 1:25 P. M. 3:45 A. M.  
Indianapolis Accommodation..... 3:10 P. M. 10:00 A. M.  
G. A. HILL, Agent.

## STATE AND LOCAL.

**CHRISTMAS FURS at Smith & Conrad's.**  
dec18-2w

The examination of the High School will commence Wednesday morning, and conclude with rhetorical exercises on Thursday afternoon.

**A WARNING.**—The Cincinnati Gazette speaks of two little boys who were reported drowned, while skating on Sunday on the canal in that city.

The largest variety and cheapest Furs ever brought to the city at Smith & Conrad's Hat and Fur Store, New Bell House Block.  
dec18-2w

**EXEMPTION.**—It is stated that the time for applying for exemption from the draft has been extended to the 5th of January.

**THE FIRE ALARM BELLS.**—We are desired to say that the fire bells will be rung this evening, between the hours of nine and ten o'clock, for the first time according to the new signals. Let nobody be alarmed when the bells are heard.

**EGAN'S CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID.**—The color of this ink is of a greenish blue, afterwards changing to a permanent deep black, is free from gums, flows freely, and as a record ink has no superior. It is fully as good as "Arnold's Chemical Writing Fluid," and costs less. It is manufactured by Blockson and Brother, Zanesville, Ohio, whom we recommend as every way worthy of public patronage.

**A CINCINNATI WOMAN ON TRIAL AS A SPY.**—A Nashville dispatch of Dec. 20, says that Mrs. Anne Johnson, who resided at 103 Cutter street, Cincinnati, is on trial before the Military committee, for acting as a rebel spy, and smuggling saddles and harness from Cincinnati into the rebel lines. The articles were packed in barrels purporting to contain bacon, for the shipment of which permits had been regularly obtained. She will probably be convicted.

**ORDINANCE APPROPRIATING SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS TO PUBLIC CHARITIES.**—At the meeting of the City Council last evening, an ordinance appropriating three hundred dollars for the benefit of the Orphans' Home, came up, on motion of Mr. Donaldson, for its third reading and final passage. Mr. Wilson offered an amendment appropriating the like sum (three hundred dollars) for the benefit of the Hospital of the Sisters of St. Francis, located on Rich street. The amendment was agreed to, and the ordinance as amended was passed by a unanimous vote.

Both these appropriations are well timed, for both institutions are worthy of all the encouragement that can be afforded them. The object of the Orphans' Home is generally well known to our citizens. But the Hospital of the Sisters of St. Francis is comparatively new. It is devoted to the care and relief of the destitute sick and suffering. As such it merits the fostering hand of benevolence, and it was a happy thought that suggested to Mr. Wilson the amendment appropriating to the appropriation for the Orphans' Home the like appropriation for the Hospital of the Sisters of St. Francis. The ready concurrence of the members in the amendment reflects credit on our City Council.

We have heard of people asking for bread and receiving a stone. We should consider ourselves much worse treated, after asking for Herrick Allen's Gold Medal Saleratus, to have some other kind panned off on us. We state this that our readers may enjoy the same pleasure we have, viz: to eat a better Biscuit than was ever made with any other Saleratus or soda. Most of the Merchants have it for sale. Their depot is 112 Liberty Street, New York. See that the name of Herrick Allen is on the wrapper, and no mistake can occur.

**THE WINTER SOLAR.**—To-day, according to the almanac, is the Winter Solstice, when Old Sol reaches his extreme Southern declination, and veering about, begins to resume his northward course, with the beginning of the new astronomical year. The days are now the shortest in the year; but they will soon begin to lengthen, and continue to grow longer until the Summer Solstice in June.

**A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION.**—Free from Tan, Pimples and Freckles, may easily be procured by using the "Balm of Thousand Flowers." For shaving it is unsurpassed. It is composed of palm oil, honey and other valuable articles, highly perfumed by its own ingredients, and when used for washing, night and morning, renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish. Price 50 cents. For sale by N. B. Marple and all druggists.  
dec21-66-dwlysoy

**FOR THE HOLIDAYS.**—At Sellick's Book and Variety Store, 158 South High Street, will be found a large and varied stock of toys and fancy goods of all kinds, beautiful Turkey Morocco Albums, holding from ten to two hundred pictures, to be had at greatly reduced prices, and an almost endless variety of Christmas Books, at from five cents to ten dollars, which are selling at very low prices.  
dec 19. St.

**THREE HUNDRED Mink Capes** just received at Smith & Conrad's.  
dec18-2w

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

**HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!**

**BACHELOR'S CELEBRATED HAIR DYE**  
IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

The only Harmless, True and Reliable Dye known.

This splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changing Red, Rusty or Grey Hair instantly to a Glossy Black or Natural Brown, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the hair soft and beautiful, insuring fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BACHELOR; all others are mere imitations and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, etc.

**Factory No. 31 Barclay Street,**  
NEW YORK.

Bachelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair.  
-d&wlysp

[COMMUNICATED.]  
**Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease.**

**A CARD.**  
TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Cough, etc. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cure them not only, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will fill in the address and send it to  
Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg,  
Kings County, New York

**Lyon's Kathairon.**

Kathairon is from the Greek word "Kathro," or "Kathairo," signifying to cleanse, rejuvenate and restore. This article is what its name signifies. For preserving, restoring and beautifying the human hair it is the most remarkable preparation in the world. It is again owned and put up by the original proprietor, and is now made with the same care, skill and attention, which gave it a sale of over one million bottles per annum. It is a most delightful Hair Dressing. It cures itching scalp and dandruff. It keeps the hair cool and clean. It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy. It prevents the hair from falling out and turning gray. It restores hair upon bald heads. Any lady or gentleman who values a beautiful head of hair should use Lyon's Kathairon. It is known and used throughout the civilized world. Sold by all respectable dealers.  
DEAN S. BARNES & CO., Proprietors,  
NEW YORK.  
July 14-d&wlysoy

**Hagan's Magnolia Balm.**

This is the most delightful and extraordinary article ever discovered. It changes the skin from a harsh and hands to a pearly satin texture of ravishing beauty, imparting the marble purity of youth, and the distinctive appearance so inviting to the city belle of fashion. It removes tan, freckles, pimples and roughness from the skin, leaving the complexion fresh, transparent and smooth. It contains no metallic ingredients to the skin. Patronized by Actresses and Opera Singers. It is what every lady should have. Sold everywhere.  
DEAN S. BARNES & CO.,  
General Agents,  
July 14-d&wlysoy 202 Broadway, N. Y.

**JOHN KEBLER, HENRY C. WHITMAN, N. F. FORCE,**  
**KEBLER, WHITMAN & FORCE,**  
**ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,**  
**OFFICE NO. 11 MASONIC BUILDING,**  
**Cincinnati, Ohio.**

Practice in the State Courts, and also in the United States District, Circuit and Supreme Courts.  
dec19-21y

**Sheriff's Sale.**

Bailor, Thompson & Co.; Franklin Common Pleas.

**BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FI. FA.**  
to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the stable of William Wall, on Fair alley, in the city of Columbus, on

Saturday, December 19th, A. D. 1863, at two o'clock, P. M., the following property, to-wit: One roan Horse, one gray Horse, and one Omnibus.

By W. S. HICKMAN, Sheriff.  
Printer's fees \$5.00.  
dec10-21d

**MERCHANT TAILORING.**

**I HAVE JUST RECEIVED DIRECTLY**  
from the East, the best assortment of

**Gentlemen's Wear**  
ever brought to this city, which I will sell at very low figures for Cash. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.  
JOHN HUNTER,  
No. 220 South High Street.  
dec19-21d

**UNITED STATES HOTEL.**

**Beach Street, Boston,**  
(Directly opposite the Boston & Worcester Railroad Depot.)

**THE UNDERSIGNED, WHO HAS**  
been connected with the American House, in this city, for over nine years, has leased this well known and popular hotel for a term of years, and placed himself to his friends and the public to use the same, and to maintain the reputation of the UNITED STATES HOTEL as a first-class house. The public may rely upon finding, at this house, all the appliances and comforts of a first-class hotel. Price, as heretofore, Two Dollars per day.

**FRANK M. PRATT.**

**HENRY KOEHLER,**  
(Late of Phalon's Establishment, N. Y.)

**PROPRIETOR OF THE NEW YORK**  
Fashions Hair, Hair Cutting, Shampooing, Curling and Dressing Saloon.

In the Basement of the New House, under the Postoffice.

where satisfaction will be given in all the various branches.

Ladies' and Children's Hair Dressing done in the most artistic manner.

Warm and Cold Baths can be had at all hours.

dec19-21d

## THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE STATESMAN.

**Last Night's Dispatches.**

**XXXVIIIth CONGRESS.**

**FIRST SESSION.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.

SENATE.—Mr. Dixon introduced various petitions praying for the amendment of the Enrollment act, so that ministers of the Gospel may be regarded as non-combatants, and be employed in the service as Chaplains.

Mr. Harlan presented a petition of citizens of Iowa praying for the total abolition of slavery.

Mr. Wilson gave notice of a bill to make it illegal for any member of Congress to act as counsel in any case in which the United States is interested.

Mr. Morgan submitted a joint resolution calling upon the Secretary of War for the names of all officers and men of the regular army who have deserted or resigned, between the 1st of December, 1860, and December, 1863. Adopted.

Mr. Foote offered a similar resolution relative to the navy.

The pending question, being on the postponement of the resolution of Mr. Sumner embodying the proposed rule of the Senate.

Mr. Bayard continued the discussion and favored postponement of action.

Mr. Sumner said it was difficult to resist the application urged with so much pertinacity by the gentleman from Delaware, yet that gentleman enjoyed the most ample opportunity of considering it, and it was due the Senator that it should be settled without delay, and before the holidays he should deem it his duty to press it to a vote.

The morning hour having expired, on motion of Mr. Wilson, the bill for increased bounty and pay of volunteers was taken up.

Since the committee indicated its purpose to re-enlist in other branches of the service, coming first under consideration, an amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Wilson explained that in Oct. last, when it was found that the draft for three hundred thousand men was insufficient to meet the wants of the War Department, a bounty of \$100 to veterans and \$300 to new recruits was offered, and the bill was designed to carry out the pledge thus made. Nine millions had then been received from contributions. This was now augmented to twelve millions.

Mr. Wilson acknowledged the necessity of exercising great care with regard to the depletion of the Treasury, and to keeping the credit of the Government intact, and always been thought more difficult to obtain more money than men. He wanted the currency of the country to be sound and his credit good, yet we must keep our pledges made to enlist men. Their enlistments were numbered not only in the Northern States, but the Southwest. East Tennessee had recruited thirty-five hundred men. Texas had furnished two regiments, and Arkansas had yielded substantial addition to these forces. Such recruits should be dealt with according to promise. He was in favor of the commutation clause, and for the payment of bounties proposed.

Mr. Harris did not favor the amendment of the committee as it stood, and thought it would stop all recruiting after the 5th of January.

Mr. Lane of Indiana said he would not all our armies with conscripts alone. There were three million men subject to draft at this time, and of this number, on the basis of the receipts of the last draft, four hundred and twenty-six thousand could be brought into the field if the entire enrollment were taken, and out of this number twenty or thirty thousand would be deserters. Indiana had more than filled her quota, and could be depended on under any circumstances to furnish her full share without resort to the draft.

Mr. Collamer moved to strike out the words January 5th and insert the next draft, not later than February 1st. Lost.

Mr. Howard moved to strike out fifteen in the committee's amendment and insert twenty as the bounty for obtaining enlistments of veterans. Rejected after a conversational debate, participated in by Wilson, Howe and Fessenden.

On motion of Mr. Sherman the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Speaker laid before the House a letter addressed to the President from the French and Anti-Society of Boston, New York and Cincinnati. Referred to the committee on Emancipation.

A message was received from the President informing the House that he had approved and signed the joint resolution of thanks to Gen. Grant and the armies under him, and for the gold medal, etc.

Mr. Underwood of Kentucky, had his vote recorded in the affirmative on Green Clay Smith's resolution, adopted on Friday.

On motion of Mr. Dawes of Massachusetts, the documentary evidence in the various contested elections was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Blair of Missouri, from the committee on Ways and Means, introduced a bill appropriating over \$700,000 to carry into effect the act of March 1862, for pay, bounty and pensions to the officers and men actually employed in the Western Department of Missouri.

Mr. Cox of Ohio, objected to the consideration of the bill at this time.

Mr. King of Missouri, advocated the passage of the bill.

Further debate ensued, when the bill was made the special order for to-day at three o'clock.

Mr. Schenck of Ohio, from the Military Committee, reported a bill repealing the third and tenth sections of the Enrollment act, so that the two classes of persons to be drafted shall be consolidated into one, this to take effect on and after its passage. Objection being made to the consideration of Schenck's report at this time, he temporarily withdrew it.

Mr. Yeaman of Kentucky, offered a series of resolutions setting forth that a conspiracy of persons exists, assuming to be a government of the Confederate States, for the purpose of withdrawing the States from the Federal Union, but that this does not extinguish the political franchise of such States, and that the citizens thereof can at any time resume their civil government, on the only condition that their Constitution is republican, that it is sufficient for those who are loyal and qualified by the election laws to resume their State Government, and this is a sufficient evidence of loyalty, etc., etc.

The House refused to second the demand for the previous question, when on motion of Mr. Lovejoy, the resolutions were referred to a select committee on the rebellious States.

Mr. Spaulding of Ohio, offered a resolution for the appointment of a select committee of nine to consider and report on the subject of a national bankruptcy act.

Mr. Holman moved to lay the resolution on the table. Lost 69 to 89.

The resolution adopted.

Mr. Ashley of Ohio, introduced a bill, which was referred, providing a Provisional Government in the military districts of the insurgent States, and authorizing the local citizens thereof to organize a government, republican in form, and for other purposes.

Mr. Schenck introduced a bill to create a Bureau of Military Justice. Referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Ashley offered a resolution granting the use of this hall for a public meeting of the Freedmen's Relief Association.

Mr. Cox objected, and this, by the rules of the House, prevented further action on the resolution to-day.

Mr. Schenck moved the suspension of the rules in order to take up the report and act upon the bill to consolidate the two classes in the Enrollment act into one.

The vote was 68 yeas to 60 nays. So the rules were suspended, and the bill was taken up.

Mr. Miller of Pa. offered a resolution respectfully requesting the President to promptly instruct those having charge of the exchange of prisoners to propose to the so-called Southern Confederacy to exchange white men for white men, leaving all other questions, including that relating to negro prisoners to be disposed of hereafter, so that the suffering white men may be restored to the service of the Government, their friends and families.

The House refused—93 against 85—to lay the resolution on the table.

Mr. Washburne of Ill. offered a substitute for the above, declaring that the House approve of the measures taken by the Administration for the exchange of prisoners now held by the enemy in Southern prisons, and recommending that the same course be pursued for a fair and just exchange of all our soldiers now held by the rebels. The substitute was adopted—87 against 63.

A long discussion ensued on the bill appropriating twenty millions for bounties for volunteers.

**Committee Appointed by the Democratic Caucus.** The \$300 clause, etc.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—A special to the Times from Washington 20th, says: The Democratic caucus members composed the committee appointed by the Democratic caucus to confer with the National Democratic committee to fix the time and place for holding the National Convention; J. C. Allen, Illinois; Fernando Wood, New York; G. B. Steel, New Jersey; W. H. Miller, Pennsylvania; D. Marcy, New Hampshire; Garrett Davis, Kentucky; Senator Hendricks, Indiana.

The following were appointed to arrange the order of business for the Democratic members who are to report to the caucus on Monday next: Dawson, Pennsylvania; Brooks, New York; Pendleton, Ohio; Mallory, Kentucky; and Robinson, Illinois.

Since the Senate committee indicated its purpose to repeal the three hundred dollars exemption clause enclauses have substantially ceased all over the country. Governors of many States in letters to leading Senators have protested against the repeal as sure to run up the price of substitutes to at least \$1000. The probabilities to-day are that the exemption will be increased by the Senate committee to \$500.

The Government will dispatch a messenger to Halifax to-morrow with instructions to our Consul there. The action of the British authorities in protecting the pirates of the Chesapeake has caused much comment in diplomatic circles.

**From Arkansas.**

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—A special to the Democrat from Fort Smith, Arkansas, 20th, says: A large number of the troops of Fort Gibson on the 17th, by Sandwater's forces, about 1800 strong. He was repulsed and fell back, taking part of his force across Arkansas, below Gibson, moving northeast.

The 3d Wisconsin cavalry has just returned from a successful reconnaissance southward. They went within fifteen miles of Red river, finding the enemy had changed position since last advices; they were unable to proceed further. Their return was a constant skirmish for over a hundred miles, strong bodies of the enemy being posted along the roads to intercept them. They cut their way through some places and evaded other posts by taking blind men passes. Their loss was trifling. Among the prisoners captured is the notorious Handy Lane, who boasts of having killed over one hundred Union citizens with his own hands.

Information is received that over two-thirds of Kirby Smith's force is preparing to attack Little Rock. The balance, anticipating McMill's force to be drawn away to reinforce Steele, are to fall on Fort Smith.

**Lee to Attack Mendocino—The Ram Atlanta.**

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—A letter from Beaton Station, Va., to the Philadelphia Enquirer says: I have heard a report said to be brought in by a contraband, who recently left Gordonsville and succeeded in escaping to our lines, that a day or two before he left a Louisiana regiment, and also the Jeff. Davis Legion, had arrived there, and that the rebel authorities are sending to Gen. Lee all the troops they can collect from various points, with the intention of making an attack on the Army of the Potomac.

The Philadelphia North American of this morning says the ram Atlanta, refitted and put in order, is likely to be only less formidable than the Ironsides. The talk at the navy yard is that she will go down to the Atlantic coast, to take the place of the Weehawken. The Atlanta is more like the Ironsides than any of the Monitors.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—A special to the Post from Washington 21st says: Congress will adjourn by the middle of the week for the holidays, and the draft will be postponed twenty days.

The Russian fleet leaves for Fortress Monroe during the present week. Mr. Lincoln will visit the Admiral in his flagship on Tuesday or Wednesday.

The House Military committee will not consider the \$300 commutation until after the holidays.

CARRO, Dec. 21.—Boats from below bring no later dates than published. The Graham from Memphis had 300 bales of cotton for St. Louis unloading here, being unable to go further on account of ice. The Sabine, from White river, arrived from Memphis with 650 bales of cotton.

Private steamers, not under Government charter or carrying Government freight, have not been allowed to enter the Cumberland river for several days past, and will not be till further notice.

The Ohio river is rising rapidly.

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